

# OSPF · PART 1

## Protocol Header

8	16	24	32
Version	Type	Length	
Router ID			
Area ID			
Checksum		Instance ID	Reserved
Data			

## Link State Advertisements

### Router Link (Type 1)

Lists neighboring routers and the cost to each; flooded within an area

### Network Link (Type 2)

Generated by a DR; lists all routers on an adjacent segment; flooded within an area

### Network Summary (Type 3)

Generated by an ABR and advertised among areas

### ASBR Summary (Type 4)

Injected by an ABR into the backbone to advertise the presence of an ASBR within an area

### External Link (Type 5)

Generated by an ASBR and flooded throughout the AS to advertise a route external to OSPF

### NSSA External Link (Type 7)

Generated by an ASBR in a not-so-stubby area; converted into a type 5 LSA by the ABR when leaving the area

## Router Types

### Internal Router

All interfaces reside within the same area

### Backbone Router

A router with an interface in area 0 (the backbone)

### Area Border Router (ABR)

Connects two or more areas

### AS Boundary Router (ASBR)

Connects to additional routing domains; typically located in the backbone

## Area Types

### Standard Area

Default OSPF area type

### Stub Area

External link (type 5) LSAs are replaced with a default route

### Totally Stubby Area

Type 3, 4, and 5 LSAs are replaced with a default route

### Not So Stubby Area (NSSA)

A stub area containing an ASBR; type 5 LSAs are converted to type 7 within the area

## External Route Types

**E1** · Cost to the advertising ASBR plus the external cost of the route

**E2 (Default)** · Cost of the route as seen by the ASBR

## Troubleshooting

show ip [route   protocols]	show ip ospf border-routers
show ip ospf interface	show ip ospf virtual-links
show ip ospf neighbor	debug ip ospf [...]

## Attributes

**Type** Link-State

**Algorithm** Dijkstra

**Metric** Cost (Bandwidth)

**AD** 110

**Standard** RFC 2328, 2740

**Protocols** IP

**Transport** IP/89

**Authentication** Plaintext, MD5

**ALLSPF Address** 224.0.0.5

**ALLDR Address** 224.0.0.6

## Metric Formula

$$\text{cost} = \frac{100,000 \text{ Kbps}^*}{\text{link speed}}$$

\* modifiable with  
**ospf auto-cost reference-bandwidth**

## Adjacency States

<b>1</b> Down	<b>5</b> Exstart
<b>2</b> Attempt	<b>6</b> Exchange
<b>3</b> Init	<b>7</b> Loading
<b>4</b> 2-Way	<b>8</b> Full

## DR/BDR Election

· The DR serves as a common point for all adjacencies on a multiaccess segment

· The BDR also maintains adjacencies with all routers in case the DR fails

· Election does not occur on point-to-point or multipoint links

· Default priority (0-255) is 1; highest priority wins; 0 cannot be elected

· DR preemption will not occur unless the current DR is reset

## Virtual Links

· Tunnel formed to join two areas across an intermediate

· Both end routers must share a common area

· At least one end must reside in area 0

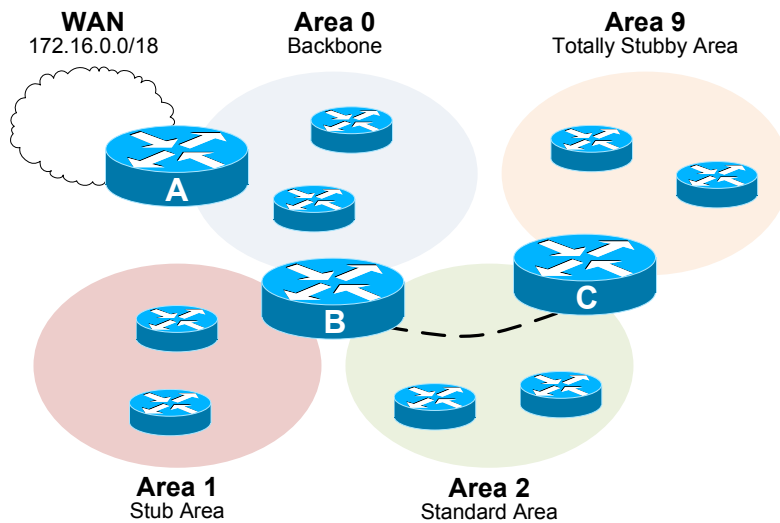
· Cannot traverse stub areas

# OSPF · PART 2

## Network Types

	Nonbroadcast (NBMA)	Multipoint Broadcast	Multipoint Nonbroadcast	Broadcast	Point-to-Point
<b>DR/BDR Elected</b>	Yes	No	No	Yes	No
<b>Neighbor Discovery</b>	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
<b>Hello/Dead Timers</b>	30/120	30/120	30/120	10/40	10/40
<b>Defined By</b>	RFC 2328	RFC 2328	Cisco	Cisco	Cisco
<b>Supported Topology</b>	Full Mesh	Any	Any	Full Mesh	Point-to-Point

## Configuration Example



```
Router A
interface Serial0/0
  description WAN Link
  ip address 172.16.34.2 255.255.255.252
!
interface FastEthernet0/0
  description Area 0
  ip address 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0
!
interface Loopback0
  ! Used as router ID
  ip address 10.0.34.1 255.255.255.0
!
router ospf 100
  ! Advertising the WAN cloud to OSPF
  redistribute static subnets
  network 192.168.0.0 0.0.0.255 area 0
!
! Static route to the WAN cloud
ip route 172.16.0.0 255.255.192.0 172.16.34.1
```

```
Router B
interface Ethernet0/0
  description Area 0
  ip address 192.168.0.2 255.255.255.0
  ip ospf 100 area 0
!
interface Ethernet0/1
  description Area 2
  ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
  ip ospf 100 area 2
  ! Optional MD5 authentication configured
  ip ospf authentication message-digest
  ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 FooBar
  ! Give B priority in DR election
  ip ospf priority 100
!
interface Ethernet0/2
  description Area 1
  ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
  ip ospf 100 area 1
!
interface Loopback0
  ip address 10.0.34.2 255.255.255.0
!
router ospf 100
  ! Define area 1 as a stub area
  area 1 stub
  ! Virtual link from area 0 to area 9
  area 2 virtual-link 10.0.34.3
```

```
Router C
interface Ethernet0/0
  description Area 9
  ip address 192.168.9.1 255.255.255.0
  ip ospf 100 area 9
!
interface Ethernet0/1
  description Area 2
  ip address 192.168.2.2 255.255.255.0
  ip ospf 100 area 2
  ! Optional MD5 authentication configured
  ip ospf authentication message-digest
  ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 FooBar
  ! Give C second priority (BDR) in election
  ip ospf priority 50
!
!
!
!
interface Loopback0
  ip address 10.0.34.3 255.255.255.0
!
router ospf 100
  ! Define area 9 as a totally stubby area
  area 9 stub no-summary
  ! Virtual link from area 9 to area 0
  area 2 virtual-link 10.0.34.2
```